THE GRAPHIC ADVENTURE CREATOR

COMMODORE 64

INCENTIVE SOFTWARE LTD.

THE GRAPHIC ADVENTURE CREATOR

For the Commodore 64 Computer

CONTENTS :

SECTION ONE

1.1Introduction1.2Loading Instructions

SECTION TWO

2.1	Writing Adventures
2.2	Editing Inputs
2.3	Verbs
2.4	Room Descriptions
2.5	Messages
2.6	Nouns And Objects
2.7	Adverbs
2.8	Conditions
2.9	Begin Where?
2.10	Save and Load
2.11	Delete Data

SECTION THREE

3.1 Graphics3.2 Graphics Commands

SECTION FOUR

4.1 Test Adventure

4.2 Player Commands

APPENDIX A

Definitions and Conditions for the Demonstration Adventure

APPENDIX B

Tables and Charts

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(1.1) INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the GRAPHIC ADVENTURE CREATOR!

This manual is intended as a simple introduction to writing adventures using GAC. The GRAPHIC ADVENTURE CREATOR is best thought of as a small programming language specifically designed for writing adventure games. Although it is smaller than other programming languages such as Basic or Pascal it can perform all of the complex tasks needed to write an adventure program, and although the instructions may seem complicated at first, a little time spent studying this manual will enable you to write your very own large scale adventures, far more easily and efficiently than by using basic or machine code.

Any adventures that you write using GAC are your own work, and may be sold as such without any prior permisson being sought or payment to us being made. However in this case, you should include with your adventure something to the effect that it was written using the GRAPHIC ADVENTURE CREATOR, (C) 1986 by Sean Ellis/Incentive Software.

And now on with GAC!

CREDITS

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(1.2) LOADING INSTRUCTIONS

The Graphic Adventure Creator (GAC) cassette/disc contains four files, these are:

1.	"GAC "	-	The Creator itself
2.	"QS"	-	The Quickstart file
3. `	"ADVINMAN"	-	"Adventure in Manual" file
4.	"RANSOM"	-	A small Graphic Adventure

To load GAC from tape, press Shift RUN/STOP, then follow the on-screen prompts.

To load GAC from disc, type LOAD "*", 8, 1 <RETURN>.

Once loaded, the data files QS or ADVINMAN may be loaded by selecting T from the main menu.

QS - Quickstart, sets you up with the most commonly used verbs etc and common messages. A complete listing of its contents is contained in Appendix B, along with several other useful tables and charts. ADVINMAN - Sets up the small adventure in the manual to work through and even edit!

The fourth file, RANSOM, is an example of a graphic runnable adventure created using GAC and can only be loaded from a reset machine with SHIFT and RUN/STOP (tape) or LOAD "RANSOM", 8, 1 (disc)

Write an Adventure in 30 Seconds! (While the kettle's boiling!)

First LOAD in GAC, Then "T" to load in QS (Quickstart)

 Press "R"
 Start Stopwatch!

 Press "1"
 (Return)

 Type
 "A Cave"
 (Return) (Return)

 Break
 "←"

 Press "f1"
 Stop Stopwatch!

The screen will display :

A Cave What now?

Try a few inputs

Presto! - A VERY simple adventure in 30 seconds? Well look at it this way - it can only get better!

To get back to the main menu press " \leftarrow ", " \leftarrow ", " \leftarrow ".

This simple example demonstrates how quick and easy GAC is to use. With a little time and imagination you will soon be creating professional Graphic Adventures!

Let Your Creation Begin!

(2.1) SECTION TWO - WRITING ADVENTURES

There are several elements necessary to writing adventures using GAC. These are displayed on the Main Menu which is the first thing you will see after loading the program.

For convenience the menu is arranged in alphabetical order, which makes it easier for you to remember which keys to press in order to call up any part of GAC. At the top of the menu screen you will see the display showing "FREE:" which shows the memory free.

You may write the elements of your adventure in any order you like, although you may find that certain orders may make things easier than others.

What follows is a brief description of what each element of the main menu does, together with detailed instructions of how to use each one. They are presented in an order which you may find convenient to follow.

(2.2) EDITING TEXT AND NUMERIC INPUTS

The text editor behaves in much the same way as the Commodore screen editor, with the following additions:

HOME	-	returns	the	curso	or to	the	start	of	the	text.	
CLR	-	deletes	to	the	right	fr	om th	he	curi	rent	cursor
		position	ı, ke	eeping	g the	curs	or fiz	xed.			

Pressing "+" will escape from the current input or current option.

(2.3) VERBS

Verbs are the words with which you will actually tell the computer what to do when you are playing an adventure. For example EAT or DROP. Directions such as WEST or UP are also treated as verbs. GAC allows you to enter and edit your own verbs when writing an adventure. Some of the most commonly used verbs are already in the Quickstart File; however since GAC allows you to enter up to 255 verbs, your imagination is the only limit to the commands you may incorporate into your adventure.

After pressing V from the Main Menu, you should see a prompt on the screen, * EDIT VERBS *, and a pointer >.

To enter a verb, simply type in a number, then a space followed by your verb. When you press RETURN the verb will be entered on the screen in alphabetical order.

If two or more verbs have the same meaning and you wish both to be accepted, ie., "Get" and "Take", simply allocate to them the same verb number. Try to think of as many similar words as you can in this way, since this will make your adventure appear more friendly.

EDITING - To edit, scroll the list using the cursor keys until the ----- desired verb is adjacent to the pointer. Press Return, edit the word, press Return again.

DELETE - Position the word to be deleted by the pointer and press ----- Delete.

RETRIEVE - Home will retrieve the last word deleted.

There is a brief summary of these instructions at the bottom of the screen.

NOTE: The verbs in the Quickstart File may be edited in exactly the same way as any other verbs.

More information about the use of verbs may be found in section(2.8) CONDITIONS.

PRESSING "←" WILL RETURN YOU TO THE MAIN MENU

(2.4) ROOM DESCRIPTIONS

The term "room" is used to refer to any location in your adventure. For example, "a forest", "a car", "a strange alien world" and so on. GAC allows you to use up to 9999 of these rooms, memory permitting, and to specify the connections to and from each room. You will probably find it easier if you have decided in advance what each room is and how the rooms are connected.

On pressing R from the main menu, the prompt "Which room number ?" should appear. At this point enter a room number n, followed by RETURN which will give the prompt "Room number n is...". You can then enter your description which can be up to 255 characters long.

You will then see the prompt "Connections are....?". The connections are specified in terms of a VERB, which must be part of the list already specified, followed by a space, followed by the room number it connects with. For example EAST 20.

You may have as many connections from a single room as you can fit into 255 characters, followed by RETURN, i.e.

EAST 20 WEST 18 NORTH 19 SOUTH 21 JUMP 49 (RETURN)

You will then see a prompt asking for a picture number, which links this location with the appropriate picture should you wish to have one. In this case you should enter a picture number followed by RETURN. If you do not want a picture simply press RETURN. This returns you to the prompt "Which room number ?..." again.

Any of the above may be edited at any time by using the cursor keys. " \leftarrow " at any point will return you to the "Which room number ? ..." prompt, and " \leftarrow " at that point will return you to the Main Menu.

More information about the use of room descriptions can be found in section (2.8) CONDITIONS.

(2.5) MESSAGES

Messages consist of prompts, descriptions or other comments that appear on the screen when you play an adventure, i.e. "What now ?", or "You can't do that". Many of the more common system messages are contained in the Quickstart file, and are numbered from 240 to 255. GAC allows you to enter up to 255 messages which may appear at any point in your adventure.

Pressing 'M' from the main menu will give the prompt "Which message number ?...". You should then enter a number followed by RETURN, then type in your message, which may be up to 255 characters long. Pressing RETURN will enter your message and repeat the "Which message number ?..." prompt.

To edit a message once it has been entered, simply recall the message and edit it using the cursor keys.

Please note that all messages from 240 to 255 should be defined, since these are essential system messages without which your adventure will not run correctly. You can edit these messages but you should be careful to preserve the meaning. For example, message 242, "Pardon ?" could be changed to "Eh ?".

Pressing " \leftarrow " will return you to the prompt "Which message number ?...." and pressing " \leftarrow " again will return you to the Main Menu.

More information about the use of messages can be found in section (2.8) CONDITIONS.

(2.6) NOUNS AND OBJECTS

Nouns are the "things" that your adventure will recognise. For example, BOOK, SWORD and so on.

GAC frequently requires you to define things both as nouns and as objects; once as a noun so that the adventure will recognise it, and then as an object so that the program can move it around and do things with it. For example, SWORD is defined as a noun, but since you may wish to pick it up during your adventure, you must also define it as an object. A further example makes clear another point; if your adventure requires you to light a lamp, LAMP must be defined as a noun, and you must also define two objects, AN UNLIT LAMP and A LIT LAMP.

When you press N from the main menu, the prompt * EDIT NOUNS * will appear. Apart from this, the procedure for entering and editing nouns is exactly the same as that for editing verbs. (2.3)

When you press O from the main menu, the prompt "Which object number ?...." will appear.

You should then enter a number n from 1 to 255 followed by RETURN. You will then see the prompt "Object number n is...". You may then enter the object description consisting of up to 255 characters followed by RETURN. This will produce the prompt "Starts in room number...". Enter the number of the room you wish this object to start in, or press RETURN. Pressing RETURN will assign the object to room zero, a special room which cannot be travelled to, and which contains "dead" and "unborn" objects. For example, a piece of cake once eaten will be assigned to room zero.

The prompt "and weighs...." will then appear. Enter the weight you wish to allocate to this object and press RETURN.

"
"
"
will return you to the main menu.

More information about the use of nouns and objects can be found in section (2.8) CONDITIONS.

(2.7) ADVERBS

In the GAC adverbs are used for two sorts of things; firstly to describe the precise way a verb is used, i.e. "move slowly" or "put down gently", and secondly they are used to differentiate between similar nouns. For example, if your adventure has three differently coloured boxes, the adverbs will specify the colours; RED, GREEN etc.

On pressing A from the main menu, the prompt * EDIT ADVERBS * will appear. Apart from this the procedure for entering and editing adverbs is exactly the same as that for editing verbs and nouns.

More information on the use of adverbs can be found in section (2.8) CONDITIONS.

(2.8) CONDITIONS

When using GAC the conditions form the internal commands that simulate decision-making processes within the game. All the terms you have specified and the data you have entered is now drawn together to form the structure for your adventure.

"Conditions" tell the adventure that if certain things are true, then it is to perform some action, i.e., "If x is true then do y", though much more complicated conditions may be constructed, i.e.,

"If x and y are true then do t",

or "If z and q are true then do y and x", and so on. The GAC has a special format for writing these conditions. For example, if you have defined verb number 16 to mean "Examine", and noun number 2 to mean "Room", then a condition using these terms might read;

"IF (VERB 16 AND NOUN 2) LOOK WAIT END"

Translated this means if "Examine Room" is typed in, describe the current room and wait for a new command.

The Conditional list below separates the words used for the "Conditions Part", 'If (Verb 16 and Noun 2)' and those used for the "Action Part", 'LOOK WAIT END'. For subscripts used (a, c, m, ms, o, n, r, v, x and y) - See Appendix B.

i. CONDITION PART

VERB V	Is verb v typed ? (v is a number) VERB 7 will give a TRUE answer if verb number 7 was typed, otherwise it will give a false answer.
NOUN n	Is nown n typed ? (similar to VERB)
ADUE	Is advert a turned 2 (gimilar to UFPR)
ADVE a	IS adverb a typed : (Similar to vikb)
HERE O	Is object o here ? (i.e. in the same room as you ?)
	If you are in room 3 and object 1 is also in room 3, then HERE 1 will give a TRUE answer because
	object I is here.
CARR O	Is object o being carried ? (Similar to HERE).
AVAI o	Is object o available for use ? i.e. here or being carried? (Similar to HERE).
o IN r	Is object o in room r ? If object 1 is in room 3,
	as above, then 1 IN 3 will be TRUE, but 1 IN 4 will be FALSE.
WEIG o	Gets the weight of object o. In our adventure,
	WEIG 2 would give the value 20, which is the weight of the rat.
SET? m	Is marker m set ?
RES? m	Is marker m reset ?
	(There are 256 markers, numbered 0 to 255. They

There are 256 markers, numbered 0 to 255. They are used to store information that can be in one of two states, like doors which are open or shut, lights which are on or off, etc. There are three which are important for the adventure program : Mkr O, if set, means that a room has been

- described since it was last reset.
- Mkr 1, if set, means you are in a light room. Otherwise you are in a dark room.

Mkr 2, if set, means you have a lamp or some other source of light.

If markers 1 and 2 are both reset, then the program will refuse to describe rooms, coming up with the "It's dark" message instead, since you are in a dark room without a lamp.

Mkr 3, if set, disables the scoring mechanism when you exit from the game.

CTR c x EQU2 c

- Gives you the value of counter c. Is x equal to the value of counter c?
- There are 128 counters, numbered from 0 to 127. They are most frequently used to store the number of moves since a particular event, (e.g., moves in the dark). Counter 0 holds the score and counters 126 and 127 hold the turns count since the start of the game.

TURN Gives the number of turns since the start of the game.

- ROOM Gives you the room number of the room you're currently in.
- AT r Gives a TRUE answer if you are in room number r.

condition AND condition will give a TRUE answer if both of the conditions give TRUE answers.

- e.g. VERB 1 AND NOUN 2 will be TRUE only if verb 1 and noun 2 are both typed.
- condition OR condition will give TRUE if either condition is TRUE, or both.

condition XOR condition will give TRUE if one of the conditions is TRUE and the other FALSE.

NOT condition will give a TRUE answer if the condition was FALSE, and vice versa.

So NOT VERB 1 will be TRUE if verb 1 is NOT typed.

- x < y Gives TRUE if number x is less than number y.
- x > y Gives TRUE if x is greater than y.
- x = y Gives TRUE if x is equal to y.

RAND x Gives a random number between 0 and (x-1). So RAND 10 will give any number at random in the range 0 to 9.

- VBNO Gets the number of the verb in this command. NO1 Gets the number of the first noun in this command, if any.
- NO2 Gets the number of the second noun in this command, if any. These are used to check word order, and to GET and DROP objects without having to have a condition for each one.

ii. ACTION PART

LOOK	Describe the room you are in at the moment.
DESC r	Describe room number r.
PICT	Turns the picture display on.
TEXT	Turns the picture display off, giving a tex adventure.

- GET O Get object number o. If it isn't here, or you've already got it, or it's too heavy, then the appropriate message is displayed.
- DROP O Drop object number o. If you haven't got it, then the appropriate message is displayed.
- x SWAP y Exchange objects x and y. In our little adventure, 1 SWAP 5 will exchange the lamp with the lit lamp.
- OBJ o Describe object number o.
- LIST r List all the objects in room number r.
- LIST WITH List all the objects carried with you.
- o TO r Move object number o to room r. To destroy an object move it to room zero.
- SET m Set marker m.
- RESE m Reset marker m. See SET? and RES? for an explanation of markers.
- x CSET c Set x to be the value of counter number c.
- INCR C Increase counter c by one. The maximum is 255. DECR C Decrease counter c by one. The minimum is O.
- Trying to increase past 255 or decrease past 0 is ignored.

GOTO r Go to room r and describe the new room.

- CONN V This checks through the connection table for a connection from the current room using verb v. If one is found. this returns the room number of the room you would move to if you were to take the connection, otherwise it gives zero. As an example if you were in room 3 in our adventure, CONN 4 would return the value 2, because in the connections from room 3, verb 4 (West) would take you to room 2.
- STRE x Set the maximum weight you can carry to x. STRE is short for STRENGTH.

BRIN O Brings object o here, if it exists.

- FIND o Find object o and move to it. if it exists. This does not acknowledge any restrictions. (such as connections), so it could be useful in a magic spell.
- SAVE Saves the current game position to tape or disc. LOAD Loads the current game position from tape or disc. These are useful for continuing a game after tea (or coffee - the kettle's probably boiled by now!)
- WAIT Waits for a new command.
- OKAY Prints "Okay" and waits for a new command.
- EXIT Stops the game. Since the player is NOT asked, this is recommended for use when the player wins or is killed.
- QUIT The player is first asked if he wants to quit. If he types "Y", the game terminates, otherwise the game continues. On abandoning the game, both the score and the number of moves taken are displayed, assuming this function has not been disabled by setting marker three.
- MESS ms Print message number ms.
- PRIN x Print number x.
- LF Prints a Linefeed. Everything from hereon is printed on a new line.

- HOLD X Halts the game for x fiftieths of a second or until a key is pressed. For example, to freeze for 10 seconds, do HOLD 500.
- x + yAs you may expect. returns the value of x added to Υ.
- x yAnd this gives the value of x - y.

There are several things to note when writing conditions. Firstly all operations are performed strictly from left to right. Secondly, GAC requires spaces both inside and outside brackets, and between words such as 'verb' and 'noun' and their numbers

Thirdly, x and y need not be simply numbers, they can he more complex expressions. However you should note that since GAC performs all its operations from left to right, you should be careful about the order in which you enter things. Put any comparisons first, i.e. IF (VERB > 5 AND NOUN 9) QUIT END

The conditions are checked by GAC at three different points. and are entered as High Priority, Low Priority and Local.

The flow chart at the back of the manual indicates the order in which these are actioned.

The GAC checks for HIGH PRIORITY conditions before prompting for a player command. It checks for such things as whether you are still "alive", whether a light is flashing, etc.

Pressing H from the main menu will return the prompt "Which line number ?...". You should enter these lines in order, ie. 1, 2, 3 etc

The GAC will not recognise a line number such as '5' when you have only entered two conditions so far, although it will insert a condition earlier in your list and remember accordingly. RETURN will give you the prompt "Line number n is....", at which point you should enter your condition and press RETURN which will give you the "Which Line number ?... " prompt again. "+" returns you to the main menu.

LOCAL CONDITIONS are checked for after the player has entered a command, and deal with things local to a particular room. for example, whether a particular object is in that room. Alternatively they might execute a player command to go to another room, or open a door at that location.

Pressing C from the main menu will give the prompt "Which room number ? ". Entering a number followed by RETURN will give the prompt "Which line number ?....". Thereafter the procedure is exactly the same as for High Priority Conditions, except that each Room has it's own set of line numbers, (1, 2, 3 etc).

LOW PRIORITY CONDITIONS are also checked for after a single player command is entered, but are not associated with any room. For example, they might check whether you are carrying a particular object, independent of the location. After pressing L from the main menu, the procedure for entering and editing Low Priority Conditions is exactly the same as that for High Priority Conditions.

Further examples of High, Local and Low Priority Conditions can be found in Appendix A.

(2.9) BEGIN WHERE?

The last element of your adventure, at least as far as the text is concerned, is to specify which room your adventure starts in.

Pressing B from the main menu will give the prompt to enter the start location room number.

Entering a room number followed by RETURN means that your adventure will start at this room. To change the start room, simply enter a new number.

"-" will return you to the main menu.

(2.10) SAVE AND LOAD

SAVING

After pressing S from the main menu, you will be asked if you wish to save a "Data File" or a "Runnable Adventure".

If you press 'D' for 'Data File', the computer will prompt for a file name. Enter your file name followed by RETURN. This will save your data which can be loaded into GAC at a later date for further development.

Alternatively pressing RETURN without first entering a filename will save the file "DUMMY.ADV" to tape, or "@:DUMMY.ADV" to disc. Pressing 'R' will prompt for the filename for a runnable adventure. This can no longer be loaded into the GAC for editing, but will run on its own.

LOADING

Pressing T from the main menu then entering a file name will load a data file into GAC for editing. Alternatively pressing RETURN without first entering a filename will attempt to load the file "DUMMY.ADV" from tape or disc.

To load your Runnable Adventure from tape, press SHIFT and RUN/STOP, or from disc type LOAD "NAME", 8, 1 after resetting the machine.

NOTE : Do not attempt to load a runnable adventure into GAC. It will run on its own !

(2.11) DELETE DATA

Pressing X from the main menu will delete all your data. N.B. Loading a new data file will have the same effect.

(3.1) SECTION THREE - GRAPHICS

The Graphics part of GAC will enable you to draw pictures to go with the room descriptions in the text part of your adventure.

Press G from the Main Menu to enter the Graphics section. You will see displayed a high-resolution Window and a Graphics Menu, together with the prompt "Which Picture number ?....". Enter the number of the picture you wish to design.

The Fill Routine is designed to be fast and it can cope with irregular shapes, but you may need to press "F" more than once. If an area is left unfilled, then you can just move the cursor into that area and press "F" again.

Here is a simple method which will allow you to get the best results from your filling. If your shape has a high point, position the cursor directly under it. If it has a low point, position your cursor directly over it. Here is an example using a triangle...



The area filled is worked out by the fill routine checking up and down from the cursor position until it encounters a boundary. It is possible to fill the same area more than once using shading patterns consisting of different colours.

If you should run out of memory in one particular picture, you can get round this by moving to an unused picture and merging the full picture into the new one before continuing with your drawing.

(3.2) GRAPHICS COMMANDS

Picture	- Picture Merge - Prompts for a picture number and merges that picture with the one currently displayed without changing the current ink colours
Change	- Allows you to change any of the 4 ink colours or the colour of the graphics frame.
Shade	 Prompts for 2 inks with which to generate stipple patterns used by the 'Fill' command. These 2 inks may be the same.
Rect	- The first press of the 'R' key sets the corner of a rectangle, which can then be drawn using the cursor keys. The second press fixes the rectangle.
Ink	- Allows you to change the current pen colour.
DEL	- Deletes the last graphics command.
Ellipse	- The first press of the 'E' key sets the centre of an ellipse which can then be drawn using the cursor keys. The second press fixes the ellipse.
Mirror	- Reflects the picture by copying from top to bottom, or left to right.

Whole	-	Draws	the	whole	picture.
			~		PIC CUIC.

- Fill - Fills an area surrounding the current cursor position, this area being bounded by an ink of a different colour to that under the cursor. Dot - Places a dot at the current cursor position.
- AOT - (Head over heels) similar to mirror. but inverts the picture either up/down or left/right.
- Line (f1 key) The first press of the f1 key sets one end of a line which can then be drawn using the cursor keys. The second press fixes the line.

Editing pictures

•	- Moves back one graphic command.
·	- Moves forward one graphic command.
SHIFT , (<)	- Moves back 8 graphic commands.
SHIFT . (>)	- Moves forward 8 graphic commands.
SHIFT *	- Deletes all picture information held after the
Z	- Takes you back to the start of the picture
f7	- Toggles the graphics cursor speed between 1 pixel per keypress (default) and 4 pixels per beypress
11, 11	Tokon you had a start, and i pixels per keypiess.

Takes you back to the Main Menu.

Whilst stepping through the graphic commands the last command will be highlighted in green. If the last graphic command was a line, "Dot" will be highlighted in light blue.

(4.1) SECTION FOUR - TEST ADVENTURE

To test your adventure, get back to the main menu and simply press "f1" to enter the adventure.

When you are testing an adventure, the way to return to the main menu is to press " \leftarrow " as usual. This gives you the message "Press D for diagnostics or "+" to escape..... If you press the "D" key, then all the markers and counters will be displayed on the screen. For the markers, a solid box indicates "SET" and an empty one indicates "RESET". The values of the counters are given as you would expect. To get back to the game press RETURN. If you press "~" again. then you will get back to the main menu.

The error routine prints out a message indicating the nature of the error. plus a line of conditions if the error occurred in one of the condition tables.

"Message not found" means you have referred to a message that does not exist. If this appears immediately, check that you have included the system's special messages, numbers 240 and above.

"Room not found" means you have tried to describe or move to a room that doesn't exist.

"Object not found" means you have tried to pick up, drop or describe an object that does not exist.

"Marker not found" means you have tried to access a marker which does not exist.

"Counter not found" means you have tried to access a counter which does not exist.

"Illegal value" means you have tried to look for a verb, noun or adverb with a number greater than 255, or you have tried to load a counter with a number greater than 255.

Here are a few hints for solving errors :

the strategies and a bear and

the second se

- i. Suspect typing error. Check that you really mean what you have said.
- ii. Have you forgotten to enter the room/object/message being referred to? If so enter it.
- iii. Have you forgotten to delete a condition which you didn't need, having deleted the objects/messages used by it?

(4.2) PLAYER COMMANDS

This section deals with the commands a player gives when he plays the adventure. It is intended to give an idea of the complexity of the commands the adventure will understand.

Each command line consists of one or more simple commands, which in turn consist of a verb, and maybe an adverb and one or two nouns. Any word which the command interpreter does not understand as being a noun, verb or adverb is ignored.

Let us take a typical line and see how the program looks at it:

Get the gold, examine it, put it in the box then go north

Let us assume that the vocabulary includes :

NOUNS	:	З	GOLD	VERBS	:	1	NORTH			ADVERBS	:	1	IN	
		7	BOX			7	GET							
	25	55	IT			8	PUT	16	EXAMINE					

The command line is split into separate commands by the following : ".", "," "!", "?", ":", ";", "and" and "then", so it becomes ;

Get the gold "," Examine it "," Put it in the box "then" Go north

Each of these is scanned for verbs, adverbs and nouns in that order, and any found have their number stored;

	-
Get the gold 7 0 3	0
Contract of the second s	
Examine it 16 0 255	0
Put it in the box 8 1 255	7
Go north 1 0 0	• 0

Then all occurences of noun 255 ("It"), are replaced by the last noun typed before that, giving;

	VERB	ADVE	NOUN 1	NOUN2
Get the gold	7	0	3	0
Examine it	16	0	3	0
Put it in the box	8	1	3	7
Go north	1	0	0	0

These values are then passed to the connection table, then to the conditions. See the diagram in Appendix B.

Note that all the letters in the vocabulary entries are significant - there is no truncation to only four or five letters. Thus RIVER and RIVET, TROUT and TROUSERS, and others like these are differentiated.

APPENDIX A

_____ Definitions and Conditions for "ADVINMAN"

i	. NOUNS		ii.VERBS		
-					
1	TORCH	5 SERPENT	1 NORTH	9 LOOK	15 LOAD
1	LAMP	6 DOOR	2 SOUTH	10 LIST	15 RESTORE
2	2 RAT	255 IT	3 EAST	10 INVENTORY	16 EXAMINE
Э	B KEY		4 WEST	11 QUIT	17 LIGHT
4	GOLD		5 UP	12 TEXT	17 ON
4	BAR		6 DOWN	12 WORDS	18 EXTINGUISH
4	TREASURE		7 GET	13 PICTURES	18 OFF
5	SNAKE		7 TAKE	13 GRAPHICS	19 UNLOCK
			8 DROP	14 SAVE	20 SCORE
			1 N 2 S	3 E 4 W	21 EAT
			F II O D		

iii. ROOM DESCRIPTIONS

Room	No. Description (as i	t would appear)	Connections	
1.	You are above the cave entrance to	ground. There is the east.	a (press ENTER)	
2.	You are in a larg lead east, west a	e cavern. Passage nd south.	E S	
з.	You are in a cave in a corner and e	. A snake is asle xits lead east and	ep W 3 west.	
4.	You are by a smal is west.	l lake. The only	exit (press ENTER	:)
5.	You are outside a to the north and	castle. A tunnel a large door can b	leads (press ENTER e seen)
6.	You are in the ca stands open to th	stle strongroom. e west.	Adoor W5	
iv. C	BJECTS			
No.	Description	Starts in room	Weight	
1.	a lamp	1	10	
2.	a dead rat	5	20	
3.	a key	4	1	
4.	a gold bar	6	100	
5.	a lit lamp	0	100	

v. MESSAGES

240 What now ?....

241 You can't

242 Pardon ?

243 Press a key for another game

244 Are you sure (Y or N)?

- 245 You've already got that.
- 246 You haven't got that.
- 247 You can't see that.

248 You're carrying too much to pick that up.

249 Your score was 250 and you took 251 It's dark. You can't see a thing. 252 I can't find that anywhere. 253 You can also see 254 Okay 255 turns i. Conditions - Local Don't type in the comments ! -----Room 1 IF (VERB 3) RESE 1 GOTO 2 WAIT END If you typed "EAST", reset the dark/light marker, goto room 2 and wait for a new command. Room 2 IF (VERB 4) SET 1 GOTO 1 WAIT END If you typed "WEST", set the dark/light marker, goto room 1 and wait for a new command. IF (VERB 2) SET 1 GOTO 5 WAIT END And a similar condition for going south too. Room 3 IF (VERB 7 AND NOUN 5) MESS 14 HOLD 200 EXIT END If you typed "GET SNAKE" then print message fourteen to say how it reacts, freeze for four seconds and end the game, IF (VERB 3) SET 1 GOTO 4 WAIT END Again another move-from-dark-room-to-light-room condition, this time east. Room 4 IF (VERB 4) RESE 1 GOTO 3 WAIT END I'll let you work this one out (hint - look at rooms 1, 2, 3) IF (VERB 7 AND NOUN 3) CTR 0 + 20 CSET 0 END If you typed "GET KEY" then add twenty to counter O (the score) IF (VERB 8 AND NOUN 3) CTR 0 - 20 CSET 0 END If you typed "DROP KEY" then subtract 20 from ctr O (the score) Room 5 IF (VERB 3 AND SET? 3) GOTO 6 WAIT END If you typed "EAST" and marker 3 is set. (i.e. if the door has been opened), goto room 6 and wait for a new command. IF (VERB 3) MESS 7 WAIT END If you typed "EAST" then print message 7 and wait for a new command. Note that the door cannot be opened since if it was. the last line would have worked and we would be waiting for a new command by now. IF (VERB 19 AND NOUN 6 AND CARR 3) SET 3 MESS 10 WAIT END If you typed "UNLOCK DOOR" then set marker 3. (mark the door as open), print message 10 and wait for a new command. IF (VERB 1) RESE 1 GOTO 2 WAIT END It is another light-to-dark movement, this time north to room 2 ii. Conditions - Low Priority Those marked "*" are included in the Quickstart file. IF (VERB 20) MESS 249 PRIN CTR O MESS 250 PRIN TURN MESS 255 WAIT END If you typed "SCORE", print message 249, your score, message 250, the number of turns you had and message 255. Then wait for a new command. IF (NO1 = O AND VERB 7) MESS 19 WAIT END If you typed "GET" by itself or with an unrecognized word, print message 19 "I'm sorry, but I don't know what one of those is..."

IF (NO1 = O AND VERB 8) MESS 19 WAIT END And similarly for "DROP". IF (NO1 = O AND VERB 16) MESS 18 WAIT END And again for "EXAMINE". IF (VERB 7 AND NOUN 1 AND HERE 5) GET 5 OKAY END If you typed "GET LAMP" and there is a lit lamp here, then get it, print "OKAY" and wait for a new command. IF (NO1 < 5 AND VERB 7) GET NO1 OKAY END If you typed "GET" and a noun with a number less than 5, then get the object with that noun's number. This only works because the objects and the nouns which refer to them have the same number. (A very useful trick!) IF (VERB 8 AND NOUN 1 AND CARR 5) DROP 5 OKAY END If you typed "DROP LAMP" and you've got a lit lamp, then drop it. print "Okay" and wait for a new command. IF (NO1 < 5 AND VERB 8) DROP NO1 OKAY END If you typed "DROP" and a noun whose number is less than 5, then drop the object with that noun number. IF (VERB 16 AND NOUN 1 AND AVAI 5) MESS 5 WAIT END If you typed "EXAMINE LAMP" and you have a lit lamp available then print out its more detailed description and wait for a new command. IF (NO1 < 5 AND VERB 16 AND AVAI NO1) MESS NO1 WAIT END If you typed "EXAMINE" and a noun whose number is less than 5, then print out the message with that noun number, it being the more detailed description of that object, then wait for a new command. * IF (VERB 11) QUIT END If you typed "QUIT" then quit. * IF (VERB 9) LOOK WAIT END If you typed "LOOK" then describe this room and wait for a new command. IF (VERB 21 AND NOUN 2 AND CARR 2) DROP 2 2 TO 0 MESS 17 WAIT END If you typed "EAT RAT" and you are carrying it, drop it, move to room 0, thus destroying it, print message 17 ("yum, yum") and wait for a new command. * IF (VERB 10) MESS 239 LIST WITH END If you typed "INVENTORY" then list the objects with you and wait for a new command. * IF (VERB 13) PICT OKAY END If you typed "PICTURES" then turn them on, print "OKAY" and wait for a new command. * IF (VERB 12) TEXT OKAY END And similarly for "TEXT". IF (VERB 17 AND NOUN 1 AND AVAI 1) 1 SWAP 5 CTR 0 + 20 CSET 0 MESS 15 SET 2 WAIT END Type this all on one line. If you typed "LIGHT LAMP" and you have an unlit lamp, then exchange the lit lamp for the unlit one, tell the user that he has lit the lamp, increase the score by 20 and await a new command. IF (VERB 18 AND NOUN 1 AND AVAI 5) 1 SWAP 5 CTR 0 - 20 CSET 0 MESS 16 WAIT END And similarly for "LAMP OFF" ("EXTINGUISH LAMP"). * IF (VERB 14) SAVE OKAY END If you typed "SAVE" then save the game position to tape or disc.

* IF (VERB 15) LOAD LOOK WAIT END

If you typed "LOAD" then load in a previously saved game position.

iii. Conditions - High Priority

IF (RES ? 6) SET 6 STRE 111 3 CSET 1 END

If marker 6 is reset (if this is the first move) then set marker 6 to say that it isn't the first move any more, set the strength and counter one to hold value three.

IF (RES ? 1 AND RES ? 2) DECR 1 END

If you are in total darkness, then decrease counter number one. IF (1 EQU ? 1 AND RES ? 1 AND RES ? 1) MESS 20 END

If counter one has reached value 1 then print that you can hear footsteps.

IF (O EQU ? 1) MESS 21 EXIT END

If counter 1 has reached zero then tell the player he has been "got" by the spider, and end the game.

IF (AT 3 AND RES ? 4 AND CARR 2) SET 4 MESS 13 DROP 2 2 TO 0 WAIT END

If you are in room three with the rat and the snake hasn't been fed yet, mark the snake as fed, print the message to say so, and move the rat to room O, destroying it.

IF (AT 3 AND RES ? 4) MESS 8 EXIT END

If you are in room three without the rat and the snake hasn't been fed yet, then say that it kills you and exit from the game.

IF (AT 1 AND CARR 4) MESS 9 EXIT END

If you are back at the start carrying the gold then you win !

GET AND DROP

Here is another useful feature! To save putting a Get and Drop condition in for each and every object, here are two very useful condition lines that will enable you to get and drop any object, (up to No.10 in our example), at any location. To do this simply ensure the Noun numbers match the Object numbers. ie.

NOUN 1 = Hat OBJECT 1 = a hat

and enter Low Priority Condition lines :

IF (NO1 < 10 AND VERB 7) GET NO1 OKAY END IF (NO1 < 10 AND VERB 8) DROP NO1 OKAY END

APPENDIX B

Tables and Charts

THE QUICKSTART DATA FILE

The "Quickstart" data file contains all the system messages, many useful verbs, and several of the common low priority conditions associated with them. This is to allow you to get straight in to writing the adventure that you want to write, without having to worry about things that are included in all adventures. The full contents are :

ERBS		NOUNS	NOUNS				
	D	255	IT				
	DOWN						
1	DROP	MESSA	AGES				
	E		the state are stated and the state of the				
3	EAST	239	You are carrying				
6	EXAMINE	240	What now ?				
	GET	241	You can't.				
з	GRAPHICS	242	Pardon ?				
0	INVENTORY	243	Press a key for another game				
1	L	244	Are you sure ? (Y/N)				
0	LIST	245	You've already got that.				
5	LOAD	246	You haven't got that.				
)	LOOK	247	You can't see that.				
	N	248	You're carrying too much to pick that				
i.	NORTH		up.				
3	PICTURES	249	Your score was				
1	QUIT	250	and you took				
5	RESTORE	251	It is dark. You can't see.				
2	S	252	I can't find that anywhere.				
4	SAVE	253	You can also see.				
2	SOUTH	254	Okays				
	TAKE	255	turns				
2	EXIT						
;	U						
;	IIP						

LOW PRIORITY CONDITIONS

4 WEST 12 WORDS

W

4

F

c

IF (VERB 9) LOOK WAIT END

If you typed "LOOK", redescribe the room you're in and wait for a new command.

IF (VERB 10) MESS 239 LIST WITH WAIT END

If you typed "INVENTORY" then print "You are carrying" and list all the objects that are with you.

IF (VERB 11) QUIT OKAY END

If you typed "QUIT" then ask the adventurer if he is sure, and if he responds Y (for YES) then quit, otherwise print OKAY and wait for a new command.

IF (VERB 12) TEXT OKAY END

If you typed "TEXT" then turn the pictures off.

IF (VERB 13) PICT OKAY END If you typed "PICTURES" then turn the pictures on. IF (VERB 14) SAVE OKAY END If you typed "SAVE" then save the game position to tape or disc. IF (VERB 15) LOAD LOOK WAIT END If you typed "LOAD" then load a previously saved game position from tape or disc, then describe the room you are in. i. ACTUAL GRAPHICS COLOURS CTRL 1 (0) Black CBM 1 (8) Orange

					•
CTRL 2	(1)	White	CBM 2	(9)	Brown
CTRL 3	(2)	Dark Red	CBM 3	(A)	Light Red
CTRL 4	(3)	Cyan	CBM 4	(B)	Dark Grey
CTRL 5	(4)	Purple	CBM 5	(C)	Medium Grey
CTRL 6	(5)	Dark Green	CBM 6	(D)	Light Green
CTRL 7	(6)	Dark Blue	CBM 7	(E)	Light Blue
CTRL 8	(7)	Yellow	CBM 8	(F)	Light Grey

ii. CONTROL CHARACTERS

Control B (colour)	- Change Border Colour
Control G	- Beep
Control I (colour)	- Change Ink Colour
Control J	- Line Feed (Cursor Down)
Control K	- Cursor Up
Control L	- Clear Text Screen
Control P (colour)	- Change Paper Colour
CTRL Reverse on	- Reverse On
CTRL Reverse off	- Reverse Off

Colours may be selected using the standard Commodore notation (CTRL 1-8 or CBM 1-8). This will return a text symbol O-9 or A-F. Alternatively colours may be selected by merely pressing O-9 or A-F.

iii. SUBSCRIPTS USED WITH CONDITION WORDS

-	adverb number
-	counter number
-	marker number
-	message number
-	object number
-	noun number
-	room number
-	verb number
-	any numbers
	11111111

iv. WORDS USED IN CONDITIONS

Words		Mark	ers	Counters		Rooms		Commands		
						-				
	VERB	v	SET	m	CSET	с	GOTO	r	OKAY	
	NOUN	n	RESE	m	INCR	C	CONN	r	WAIT	
	ADVE	a	SET?	m	DECR	С	ROOM		EXIT	
	NO 1		RES?	m	CTR	С	AT	r	QUIT	
	NO 2				x EQU?	С	DESC	r		
	VBNO				TURN		LOOK			

Objects			Decisions	Таре	and	Disc
GET O	OBJ	0	IF	SAVE		
DROP o	LIST	0	END	LOAD		
o SWAP o	WEIG	0				
HERE O	STRE	0				
CARR O	o TO	r				
AVAI o	BRIN	0				
o IN r	FIND	0				
Other						
MESS ms				x = y		
x + y				WITH		
x - y				PICT		
conditio	n AND co	nditi	on	TEXT		
conditio	n OR con	ditio	n	RAND x		
conditio	n XOR co	nditi	on	PRIN x		
NOT cond	ition		and the second second	HOLD x		
x > y				LF		
x < y						

V. COUNTERS AND MARKERS USED BY THE SYSTEM

Counter 0 - Holds the score

126 x 1) Count the number of turns since the beginning 127 x 256) of the game.

Marker 0 - If set means that a room has been described since last reset.

- 1 If set, you are in a light room.
- 2 If set, you have a source of light.
- 3 If set, disables the scoring mechanism.

vi. RANGES OF NUMBERS

	No. allowed	No. of characters
Rooms	19999	255
Objects	1255	255
Messages	1255	255
Verbs	1255	34
Nouns	1255	34
Adverbs	1255	34
Graphics	19999	
Markers	0255	
Counters	0127	
[Which store] 0255	



The internal commands QUIT and EXIT return the player to the first room with the program initialized. There is no end as such.

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